

‘Working together for emission-free cultivation’

Water Future & Ridder on route to sensible solutions for smart water treatment

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GreenTech 2021 Live & Online
27 September – Xpert Theatre

Horticulture with substrates – sustainability issues

Most sustainable way !

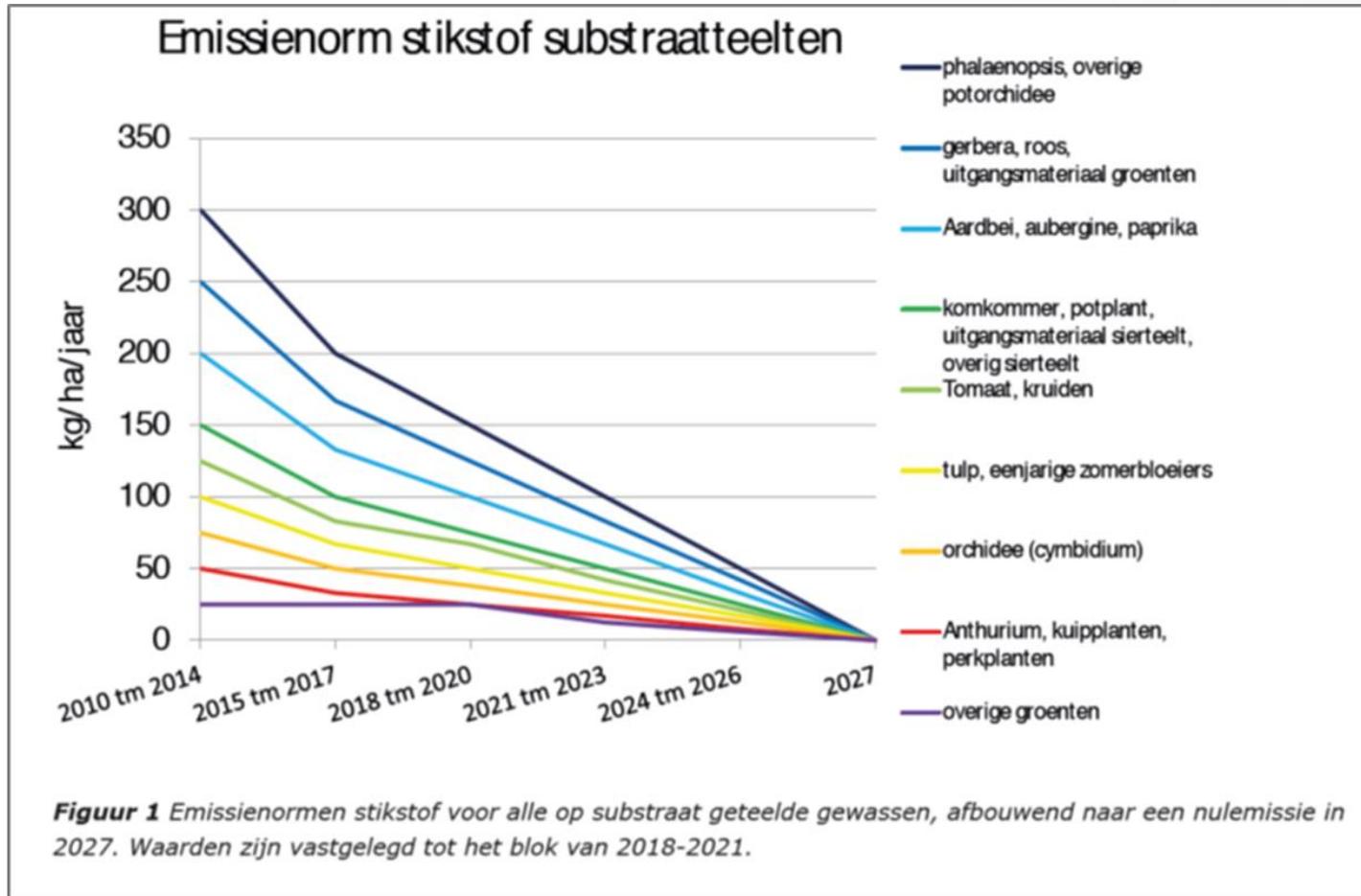
- 90% water usage reduced
- double crop yields
- small foot print



Sustainability issues !

- Emissions – Pesticides
 - Crop protection agents
- Fresh Water shortage
 - good water quality needed
 - search for water alternatives
- Emissions - Nitrogen
 - Nitrate environment or decomposed till N₂

Dutch legislation 2027 – emission to “zero” for Nitrogen and Water



Cause:

Na⁺ accumululation in drainwater

Solution(s):

1. common Na⁺ practice

- keep intake low
- more tolerant crops
- exceed Na⁺ boundary limits

2. Key Enabling Technology (KET) needed to reach “zero”

- Innovation award winners
- 2018: NanoFiltration
- 2019: Electrodialysis

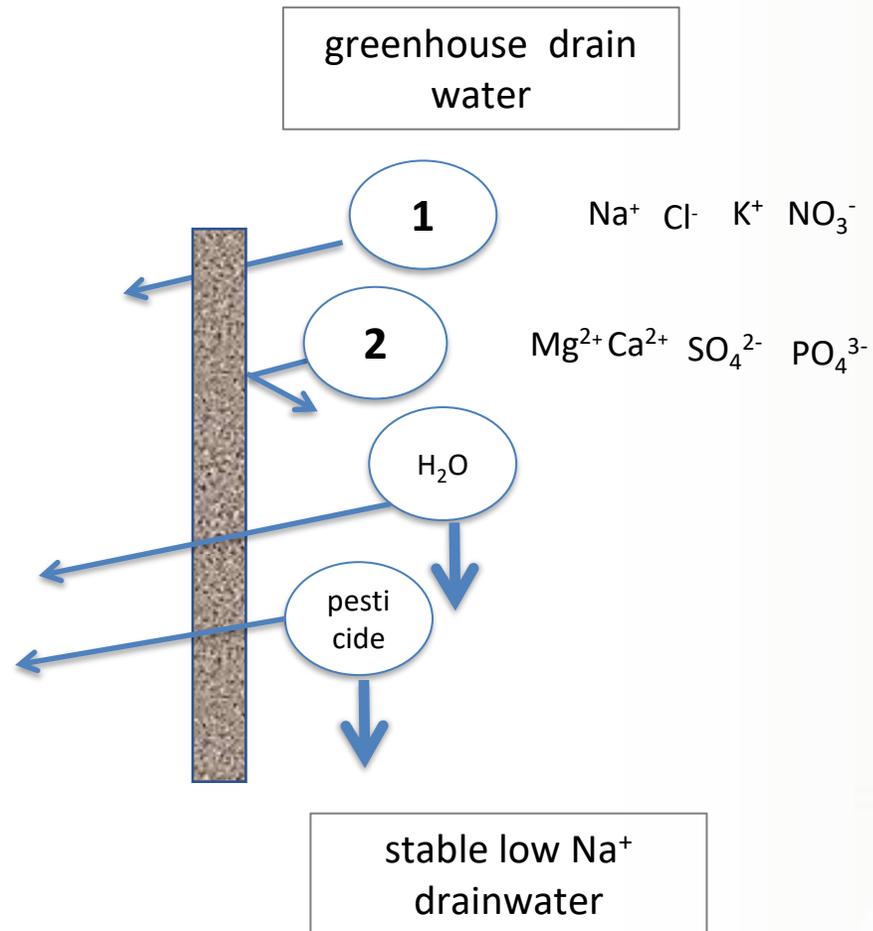
KET – Na⁺ removal

| possibilities & current status



1. KET - Na⁺ removal by Nanofiltration

Fundamental – nano porous membranes, pressure driven process



My personal opinion

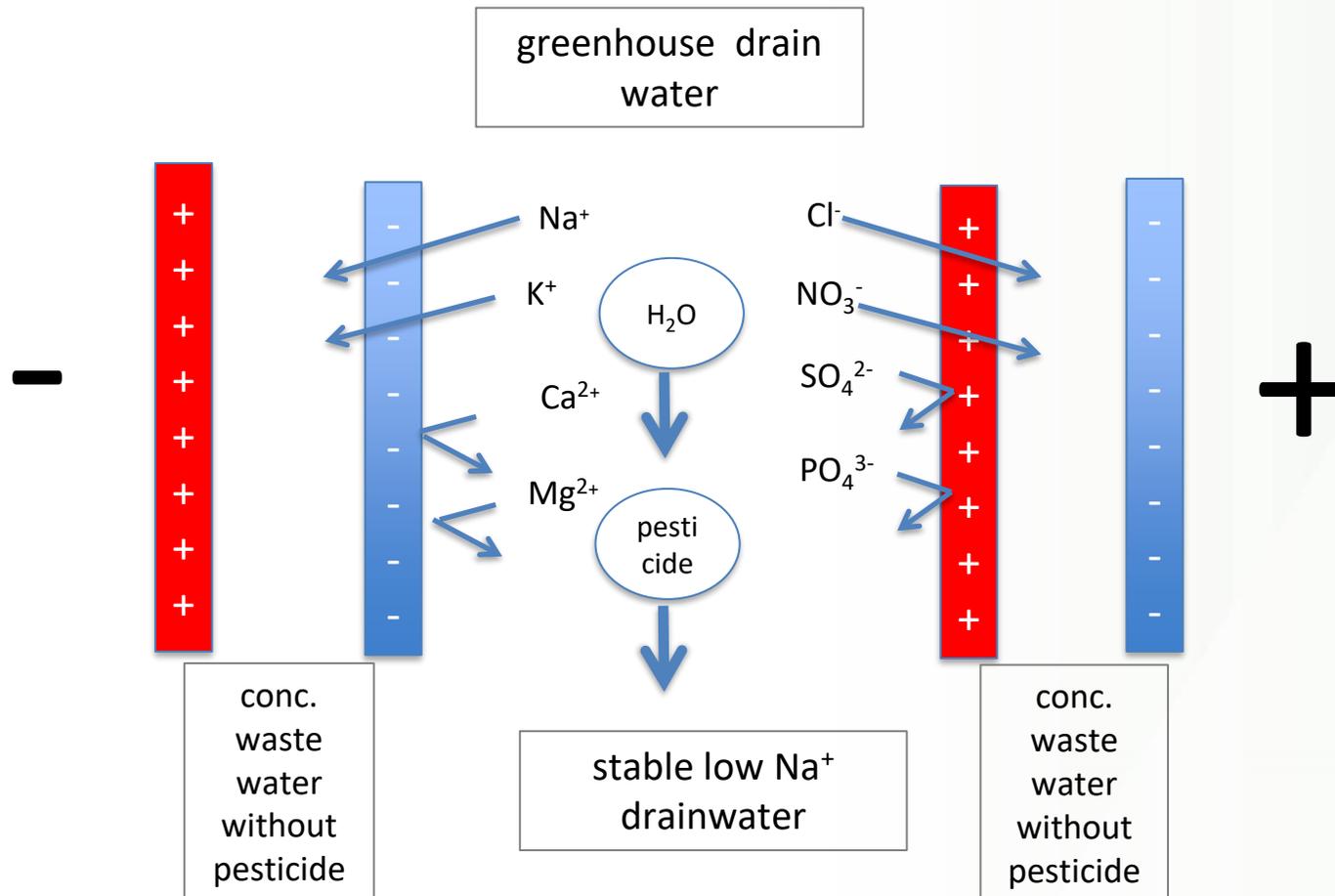
- good technology
- monovalent / multivalent separation
- proven in practice
- high Na⁺ removal capacity

My concerns

- RO needed to recover water
- Active Carbon needed to capture pesticide (BZG certified)
- sensitive for pore blocking, more flushing
- Nitrate loss to environment

2. KET - Na⁺ removal by Electrodialysis

**Fundament - charged dense membranes, electricity driven
(no pores, no water loss)**



Our experiences

- names: NoNa⁺ / Ecogreen
- monovalent / multivalent separation
- Na⁺ removal capacity steady increased
- proven in long run fieldtests
- microfiltration sufficient
- high water yield
- no pesticide loss, BZG certified

Concerns

- Nitrate loss , emission

2. KET - Current status NoNa+ / EcoGreen

Tested on several crops: tomatoes, cucumber, sweetpepper, strawberries, orchids

Observed grower advantages

- stable Na⁺ content on desired level to be expected
- more resistant crops against diseases
- better growing conditions
- prepared for alternative water (tap/well)

savings vs. emissions

- multivalent nutrients (>80%)
- micronutrients (> 80%)
- water savings (>90%)
- waste water (BZG certified), no treatment

Concerns

- Nitrate loss , emission

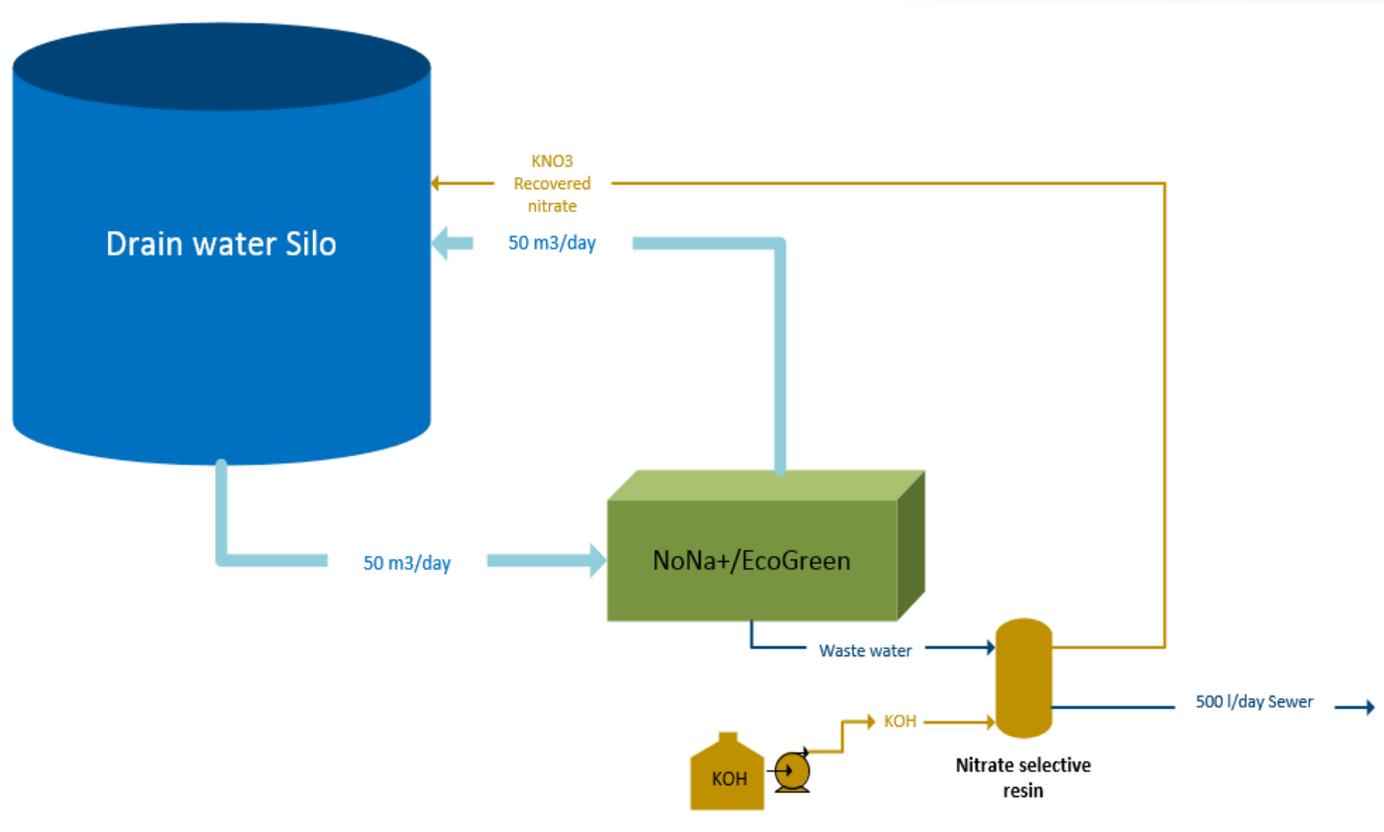


Nitrate Recovery

| pilot results



2020: Nitrate recovery process developed



STOWA project – zero emission

- strawberry grower (NL)
- KNO₃ loss high
- Pilot : Nitrate selective resin column
- Recovery with KOH
- One pass process

Results

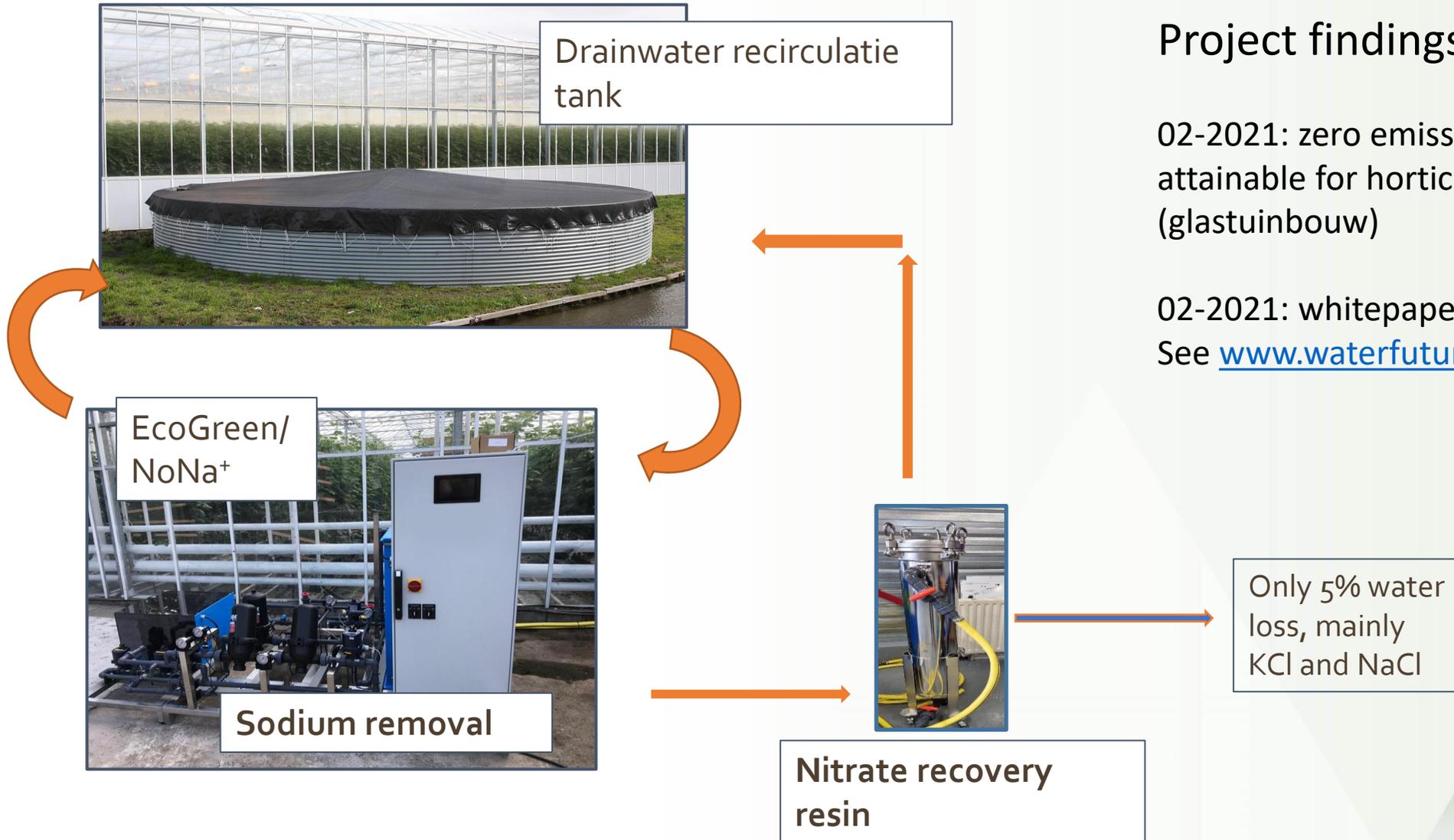
> 90 % NO₃ recovered

Proposed - Zero emission process

Project findings shared

02-2021: zero emission is attainable for horticulture (glastuinbouw)

02-2021: whitepaper issued
See www.waterfuture.nl



Zero Emission – Advantages for the grower

Drainwater treatment	Sodium removal (drainwater)	Nitrate recovery (waste water)
System	EcoGreen / NoNa ⁺	developed resin column with regeneration
Water treated	Drain Water	Waste water from EcoGreen / NoNa ⁺
Based on	Several large scale fieldtests	pilot experiment
Advantage grower	<p>constantly low Sodium DW</p> <p>healthier crop, more resistant</p> <p>more crop yield</p> <p>mineral savings</p> <p>saving water</p> <p>less dependent on water sources</p>	<p>reuse nitrate</p> <p>prepared for zero emission legislation 2027</p>

Conclusion

| *“Zero” emission of water and nitrogen in horticulture is attainable and attractive for growers !*



Thank you for your attention!

| Learn more?

Visit Ridder at GreenTech Booth 01.110

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